











## Conclusions:

1. Taste aversion IS like other forms of Pavlovian conditioning, differences (rate of acquisition, ISI) are a matter of degree, not kind.

 A new principle of preparedness (belongingness, selective associations) must be acknowledged. This principle is relevant to <u>all</u> forms of Pavlovian conditioning, not just taste aversion learning. Summary

Problems for Simply Contiguity

Contingency: Not just number of pairings, but rather, how predictive.Preparedness: Contiguity not sufficient. Some associations are easier to learn than others.